

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Aspen View Academy
Castle Rock, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of Aspen View Academy (the Academy), a component unit of Douglas County School District RE-1, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of Aspen View Academy as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Academy, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and GASB required pension and OPEB schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Adams Group, LLC

Greenwood Village, Colorado
October 31, 2025

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025

As management of Aspen View Academy (the Academy) we offer readers of Aspen View Academy's financial statements our narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Academy for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$717,614 (net position). The main change from the prior year was an increase in pension expense and depreciation expense from 2024 to 2025.
- The general fund balance increased \$529,842 during the current fiscal year. This was driven by an increase in per pupil revenue and a decrease in salaries and capital outlay.
- The Academy's Aspen View Academy Building Corporation, a blended component unit, had a decrease in fund balance of \$2,268 due to principal payments made during the year on long-term debt and transfers made to the general fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Academy's basic financial statements. The Academy's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) management's discussion and analysis; 2) government-wide financial statements, 3) fund financial statements, and 4) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Academy's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Academy's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Academy is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Academy's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected grant expenses and earned but unpaid salary and benefits).

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025

The government-wide statement of activities distinguishes functions/programs of the Academy supported primarily by per pupil revenue or other revenues passed through from the authorizer (Douglas County School District). The governmental activities of the Academy include instruction and supporting services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Academy, like other governmental units or schools, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The Academy has two governmental funds, a general fund and a special revenue fund. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Academy's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Academy's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Academy adopts annually appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for each governmental fund has been provided herein.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. This information is provided in pages 16 – 52.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As previously noted, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Academy's financial position. In the case of the Academy, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting in a net position of \$717,614 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Of the Academy's total net position, \$430,000 is restricted to comply with Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, known as the TABOR Amendment and an additional \$1,365,076 is restricted for purposes of debt service. Accordingly, these funds are not available to satisfy the Academy's general operating expenses.

Aspen View Academy's Statement of Net Position
Governmental Activities

	2025	2024
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 7,183,843	\$ 6,678,226
Capital assets	34,641,105	35,601,635
Total Assets	41,824,948	42,279,861
Deferred outflows of resources	4,451,053	5,952,354
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current and other liabilities	1,350,705	1,288,198
Noncurrent liabilities	43,908,390	44,144,365
Total Liabilities	45,259,095	45,432,563
Deferred inflows of resources	299,292	828,033
<u>Net Position</u>		
Net investment in capital assets	7,706,218	8,296,473
Restricted:		
Emergencies	430,000	418,000
Debt service	1,365,076	1,365,311
Unrestricted	(8,783,680)	(8,108,165)
Total Net Position	\$ 717,614	\$ 1,971,619

The largest portion of the Academy's assets consists of capital assets, at 83% of total assets as of June 30, 2025.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025

The decrease associated with noncurrent liabilities is a result of a decrease in long-term debt and the related unamortized premium. See note 6 for additional information.

Aspen View Academy's Statement of Activities
Governmental Activities

	2025	2024
<u>Program revenue:</u>		
Charges for services	\$ 989,354	\$ 1,037,059
Operating grants and contributions	264,585	85,956
Capital grants and contributions	301,503	457,250
Total program revenue	1,555,442	1,580,265
 <u>General revenue:</u>		
Per pupil revenue	10,492,442	9,858,580
Mill levy revenue	2,272,662	2,265,806
Investment earnings	247,562	344,449
Other	4,255	41,820
Total general revenue	13,016,921	12,510,655
Total revenue	14,572,363	14,090,920
 <u>Expenses:</u>		
Current:		
Instruction	8,980,351	7,184,295
Supporting services	5,917,675	6,723,111
Interest on long-term debt	928,342	940,158
Total expenses	15,826,368	14,847,564
Change in net position	(1,254,005)	(756,644)
Net Position, Beginning	1,971,619	2,728,263
Net Position, Ending	\$ 717,614	\$ 1,971,619

The largest portion of the Academy's revenues came from per pupil revenue – 72% in 2025.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Academy uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Academy's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Academy's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Academy's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current year, the Academy's General fund reported an ending fund balance of \$4,848,337, an increase of \$529,842 from the prior year. The increase in the current year is a result of increases in per pupil revenue and decreases in salaries from the prior year. Unassigned fund balance is \$4,355,932 as of June 30, 2025.

As of the end of the current year, the Academy's Special Revenue fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,528,976, all of which is restricted for debt service. The Academy's Building Corporation represents all activity of the fund as of June 30, 2025.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Academy approves a budget no later than June, based on enrollment projections for the following school year. Adjustments are made to the budget in October after enrollment stabilizes. The Academy approves an amended and/or supplemental budget during the year. The original General Fund budget (including transfers) was \$14,166,206 and was adjusted to \$14,418,402. Actual expenditures, including transfers out, were under budgeted expenditures by \$280,020.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Special Revenue Fund had actual expenditures of \$48,000 over budget. See Note 2 for additional information.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: Including the building and land of the Academy, capital assets net of accumulated depreciation was \$34,641,105. Depreciation expense for capital assets is booked under the Supporting Services expense function within the Statement of Activities.

Long-term Debt: The Academy participates in a long-term lease agreement with the Aspen View Academy Building Corporation. As of June 30, 2025, the Academy had \$26,934,887 in outstanding debt (including the outstanding premium).

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The primary factor driving the budget for the Academy School is student enrollment. Enrollment for the 2024 – 2025 school year was 970 funded students based on the Colorado Department of Education student count.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Academy's finances for all those with an interest in the Academy's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to the Academy:

Aspen View Academy
2131 Low Meadow Blvd.
Castle Rock, CO 80109

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities	Component Unit Foundation
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and investments	\$ 5,588,502	\$ 178,670
Restricted investments	1,528,976	-
Accounts receivable	3,960	-
Prepaid items	62,405	-
Inventory	-	16,428
Capital assets, not depreciated	2,000,000	-
Capital assets, net of depreciation	32,641,105	-
Total Assets	41,824,948	195,098
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		
Related to pension	4,302,955	-
Related to OPEB	148,098	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,451,053	-
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	117,584	19,476
Accrued salaries and benefits	688,946	-
Accrued interest	163,900	-
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year	380,275	-
Due in more than one year	26,554,612	-
Pension liability	17,051,241	-
OPEB liability	302,537	-
Total Liabilities	45,259,095	19,476
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>		
Related to pension	135,574	-
Related to OPEB	163,718	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	299,292	-
<u>Net Position</u>		
Net investment in capital assets	7,706,218	-
Restricted:		
Emergencies	430,000	-
Debt service	1,365,076	-
Unrestricted	(8,783,680)	175,622
Total Net Position	\$ 717,614	\$ 175,622

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Component Unit Foundation
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$ 8,980,351	\$ 415,945	\$ 264,585	\$ -	\$ (8,299,821)	\$ -
Supporting services	5,917,675	573,409	-	301,503	(5,042,763)	-
Interest on long-term debt	928,342	-	-	-	(928,342)	-
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 15,826,368</u>	<u>\$ 989,354</u>	<u>\$ 264,585</u>	<u>\$ 301,503</u>	<u>(14,270,926)</u>	<u>-</u>
Component Unit:						
Foundation	<u>\$ 339,379</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	-	(339,379)
GENERAL REVENUES:						
					10,492,442	-
					2,272,662	-
					-	410,300
					247,562	-
					4,255	-
					<u>13,016,921</u>	<u>410,300</u>
					(1,254,005)	70,921
					<u>1,971,619</u>	<u>104,701</u>
					<u>\$ 717,614</u>	<u>\$ 175,622</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and investments	\$ 5,588,502	\$ -	\$ 5,588,502
Restricted investments	-	1,528,976	1,528,976
Accounts receivable	3,960	-	3,960
Prepaid items	62,405	-	62,405
Total Assets	\$ 5,654,867	\$ 1,528,976	\$ 7,183,843
 <u>Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances</u>			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 117,584	\$ -	\$ 117,584
Accrued salaries and benefits	688,946	-	688,946
Total Liabilities	806,530	-	806,530
 Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items	62,405	-	62,405
Restricted:			
Emergencies	430,000	-	430,000
Debt service	-	1,528,976	1,528,976
Unassigned	4,355,932	-	4,355,932
Total Fund Balances	4,848,337	1,528,976	6,377,313
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 5,654,867	\$ 1,528,976	\$ 7,183,843

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$	6,377,313
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		34,641,105
Long-term liabilities, including loans payable are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		
Bonds payable		(24,585,000)
Premium on bonds payable		(2,349,887)
Accrued interest payable		(163,900)
OPEB liability		(302,537)
Net pension liability		(17,051,241)
Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		
Related to pension		4,302,955
Related to OPEB		148,098
Deferred inflows of resources used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		
Related to pension		(135,574)
Related to OPEB		(163,718)
Total net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	<u>717,614</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN
FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Revenues</u>			
Local sources	\$ 13,884,480	\$ -	\$ 13,884,480
Federal and state sources	534,291	-	534,291
Investment earnings	165,880	81,682	247,562
Other revenue	4,255	-	4,255
Total revenues	<u>14,588,906</u>	<u>81,682</u>	<u>14,670,588</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Current			
Instruction	8,259,355	-	8,259,355
Supporting services	4,285,894	4,632	4,290,526
Capital outlay	292,483	-	292,483
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	305,000	305,000
Interest and other charges	-	995,650	995,650
Total expenditures	<u>12,837,732</u>	<u>1,305,282</u>	<u>14,143,014</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,751,174	(1,223,600)	527,574
<u>Other financing sources and (uses)</u>			
Transfers in	79,318	1,300,650	1,379,968
Transfers out	(1,300,650)	(79,318)	(1,379,968)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	<u>(1,221,332)</u>	<u>1,221,332</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	529,842	(2,268)	527,574
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>4,318,495</u>	<u>1,531,244</u>	<u>5,849,739</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 4,848,337</u>	<u>\$ 1,528,976</u>	<u>\$ 6,377,313</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	527,574
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p>		
<p>Capital outlays to purchase or construct capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized in the statement of net position and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities.</p>		
Depreciation expense		(960,530)
<p>Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This amount represents the change in unavailable revenue.</p>		
Unavailable revenue		(76,497)
<p>The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.</p>		
Bond principal payments		305,000
Amortization of bond premiums		65,275
Change in accrued interest payable		2,033
<p>Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The (increases) decreases in these activities consist of:</p>		
OPEB income		76,258
Pension expense		(1,193,118)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	<u>(1,254,005)</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Aspen View Academy (the Academy) was organized in 2013 pursuant to the Colorado Charter Schools Act to form and operate a charter school within the Douglas County School District RE-1 (the District). The Academy receives the majority of its revenues from the District. A charter school is part of a local school district that is a political subdivision of the State of Colorado.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities. A summary of the Academy's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements follows.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Academy is a component unit of the District which grants the charter and provides the majority of the funding to the Academy. The financial reporting entity consists of the Academy and organizations for which the Academy is financially accountable. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate are part of the Academy. In addition, any legally separate organizations for which the Academy is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present the financial activities of the Academy and its component unit. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the Academy is financially accountable or that provides services to the Academy. The Academy follows the GASB accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining the governmental activities, organizations, and functions that should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following organization is included in the Academy's reporting entity.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Aspen View Academy Building Corporation

The Aspen View Academy Building Corporation (Building Corporation) is a not-for-profit organization as defined by Section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

The purpose of the Building Corporation is to provide a mechanism to issue and pay debt on behalf of the Academy.

The Building Corporation is considered to be part of the Academy for financial reporting purposes because its resources are entirely for the direct benefit of the Academy and is blended into the Academy's financial statements as a special revenue fund. The Building Corporation does not prepare separate financial statements.

Aspen View Academy Foundation

The Aspen View Academy Foundation (the Foundation) is a non-profit organization formed for the sole purpose of assisting the Academy in achieving its educational mission. The Foundation's financial information is discretely presented in the Academy's financial statements. The Foundation does not issue separate financial statements.

The Academy is a component unit of the Douglas County School District RE-1.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Academy. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to students or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Academy are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures.

Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The major funds presented in the accompanying basic financial statements are as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – This fund is the general operating fund of the Academy. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – This fund is used to account for the activity of the Building Corporation, funded primarily from transfers from the general fund.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period, or soon thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if collected within 60 days after year-end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Charges for services are considered revenue once the service is rendered, and as such are considered susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Academy.

On-Behalf Payments – Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that direct on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries made by one entity to a third-party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity be recognized as revenue and expenditures by the employer government. The State of Colorado makes direct on-behalf payments for retirement benefits to Colorado PERA. PERA allocates the contribution to the trust funds of the State, School, Denver Public Schools, and Judicial Division. This payment is required on July 1st of each year until there are no unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities of any division of PERA that receives the direct distribution. The amount of on-behalf payments made for the Academy by the State of Colorado has been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Academy's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position

Cash & Investments – Investments are reported at amortized cost or net asset value depending on the type of investment.

Receivables – Receivables consists primarily of amounts owed from state and local governments and other local entities. They are reported at their gross value, and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Prepaid Items – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future years and are reported as prepaid items. Prepayments are recorded using the consumption method where services are allocated over appropriate service periods.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, the Academy's building and building improvements, and property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital assets are defined by the Academy as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at acquisition cost or estimated acquisition cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets of the Academy are depreciated over an estimated useful life ranging from 10 to 45 years.

Deferred Outflows of Resources – The Academy’s governmental activities report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net position that applies to a future period. The Academy reports deferred outflows of resources related to GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75. See Notes 8 and 9 for additional information.

Long-Term Debt – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as current expenditures/expenses.

Net Pension Liability – The Academy’s governmental activities report a net pension liability as of June 30, 2025. The Academy is required to report their proportionate share of PERA’s unfunded pension liability. See Note 8 for additional information.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) – The Academy participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by Colorado PERA. The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense (income) and information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. See Note 9 for additional information.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows of Resources – The Academy’s governmental activities report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects a decrease in net position that applies to a future period. The Academy reports deferred inflows of resources related to GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75. See Notes 8 and 9 for additional information.

Net Position – In the government-wide financial statements, net position is restricted when constraints placed on the net position are externally imposed. Classifications used in the government-wide financial statements are as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Reflects the portion of net position which is associated with capital assets, less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted Net Position – Net position which is restricted externally by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations are imposed through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – Represents net position which does not have any third-party limitation on their use.

Fund Balance Classification – The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Academy is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental fund can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Academy had \$62,405 in nonspendable resources as of June 30, 2025.

Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Academy has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies. Restricted balance related to Emergency Reserves as of June 30, 2025, is \$430,000.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Special Revenue Fund has debt service restrictions totaling \$1,528,976 as of June 30, 2025, due to the Series 2021 Bonds.

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the board of directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the board of directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (i.e. resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Academy has no items reported as committed at June 30, 2025.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use but does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Only the Board may assign fund balances for specific purposes. The purpose of this assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. The Academy has no items reported as assigned at June 30, 2025.

Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Academy considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Academy considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is adopted for the general fund and special revenue fund for fiscal year 2025, on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. The budget is adopted by the Board of Directors prior to June 30th. The budget and supplemental appropriations are submitted to the District.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Revisions must be approved by the Board of Directors. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Special Revenue Fund had actual expenditures of \$48,000 over budget. This may be a violation of Colorado Budget Law.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2025, consist of the following:

Cash deposits	\$	2,588,502
Restricted investments		1,528,976
Investments		<u>3,000,000</u>
Total	\$	<u><u>7,117,478</u></u>

Cash Deposits

The Academy's deposits are governed by Colorado Statute. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local governments deposit cash in eligible public depositories.

Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA.

PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The fair value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The State Regulatory Commissions for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2025, the Academy had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$2,588,502. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$2,589,147 all of which was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized under PDPA.

Investments

The Academy has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the Academy follows state statutes regarding investments.

The Academy generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the Academy is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial risk for investment that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and the World Bank
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Certain reverse repurchase agreements
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Certain corporate bonds
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

State law limits investments for school districts to U.S. Treasury issues, other federally backed notes and credits, and other agency offerings without limitation. Other investment instruments including bank obligations, general obligation bonds, and commercial paper are limited to at least one of the highest rating categories of at least one nationally recognized rating agency. State law further limits investments in money market funds that are organized according to the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as specified in rule 2a-7, as amended, as long as such rule does not increase remaining maturities beyond a maximum of three years. Investments in these funds require that the institutions have assets in excess of \$1 billion or the highest credit rating from one or more of a nationally recognized rating agency.

Interest Rate Risk

The Academy does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investments at June 30, 2025, consist of the following:

	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Maturity</u>
Local government investment pool (Colotrust)	\$ 1,528,976	Less than one year
Certificates of deposit	<u>3,000,000</u>	Less than one year
	<u>\$ 4,528,976</u>	

Local Government Investment Pools

The Academy had invested \$1,528,976 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust offers shares in three portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST Edge. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, except for COLOTRUST Edge which is equal in value to \$10.00 per share.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

All portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records investments at fair value and the Academy records investments in COLOTRUST at net asset value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption period.

Certificates of Deposit

The Academy held investments in Certificates of Deposit in the amount of \$3,000,000, with a maturity date of less than one year. The Certificates of Deposit are valued at amortized cost under GASB Statement No. 72. Based on the valuation method, additional disclosures are not required under the fair value hierarchy.

Restricted Investments

Investments in the amount of \$1,528,976 are restricted in the special revenue fund for debt service requirements, as a result of the Series 2021 bond issuance. This balance is made up of accounts set up for the payment of principal and interest in the amount of \$216,899. In addition, the Academy is required to maintain a bond reserve account of \$1,302,800. At June 30, 2024, this account had a balance of \$1,312,077.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2025, is summarized below:

	Balances June 30, 2024	Additions	Deletions	Balances June 30, 2025
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not Depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000
Total capital assets, not depreciated	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Building improvements	37,601,702	-	-	37,601,702
Equipment	177,561	-	-	177,561
Total capital assets, depreciated	37,779,263	-	-	37,779,263
Accumulated depreciation				
Building	4,081,752	940,043	-	5,021,795
Equipment	95,876	20,487	-	116,363
Total accumulated depreciation	4,177,628	960,530	-	5,138,158
Net capital assets, depreciated	33,601,635	(960,530)	-	32,641,105
Total Capital Assets	\$ 35,601,635	\$ (960,530)	\$ -	\$ 34,641,105

Depreciation expense of \$960,530 has been charged to the Supporting Services function of the Academy.

NOTE 5 – ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS

Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from July - June but are earned during a school year of ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, as of June 30, 2025, were \$688,946 as reported in the general fund.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of the Academy's long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Balances June 30, 2024	Additions	Deletions	Balances June 30, 2025	Due In One Year
Bond payable - Series 2021	\$ 24,890,000	\$ -	\$ 305,000	\$ 24,585,000	\$ 315,000
Bond premium	2,415,162	-	65,275	2,349,887	65,275
Total	\$ 27,305,162	\$ -	\$ 370,275	\$ 26,934,887	\$ 380,275

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

2021 Bonds Payable

In May 2021, the Colorado Education and Facilities Authority (CECFA) issued \$25,185,000 Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2021. Proceeds from the bonds were used for the acquisition of the facility and multiple phases of improvements to the facility. Principal payments are due annually on November 1 while interest payments are due bi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year with interest accruing at 4%. The bonds will mature in 2061.

See Note 3 for certain restricted cash reserves to be maintained relating to the Academy’s bonds payable.

The balance outstanding on the bonds at June 30, 2025, was \$24,585,000. Future debt service requirements to maturity for the long-term debt transactions are as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 315,000	\$ 983,400	\$ 1,298,400
2027	330,000	970,800	1,300,800
2028	345,000	957,600	1,302,600
2029	355,000	943,800	1,298,800
2030	370,000	929,600	1,299,600
2031 - 2035	2,085,000	4,413,800	6,498,800
2036 - 2040	2,545,000	3,961,400	6,506,400
2041 - 2045	3,090,000	3,410,600	6,500,600
2046 - 2050	3,755,000	2,741,200	6,496,200
2051 - 2055	4,580,000	1,927,000	6,507,000
2056 - 2060	5,565,000	934,800	6,499,800
2061	1,250,000	50,000	1,300,000
	<u>\$ 24,585,000</u>	<u>\$ 22,224,000</u>	<u>\$ 46,809,000</u>

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2025, is as follows:

	Transfers In		Total
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	
Transfers Out:			
General Fund	\$ -	1,300,650	\$ 1,300,650
Special Revenue Fund	79,318	-	79,318
	\$ 79,318	\$ 1,300,650	\$ 1,379,968

Interfund transfer activity in the amount of \$1,300,650 relates to the Academy’s General Fund subsidizing debt service payments to the Special Revenue Fund for payment of the Academy’s bonds payable as discussed in Note 6. Interfund transfers of \$79,318 are transfers from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund related to cash receipts during the current year.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions: The Academy participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees’ Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description: Eligible employees of the Academy are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S), administrative rules are set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado state law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits Provided as of December 31, 2024: PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary (HAS) multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annualized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases, the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether five years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA’s Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2025: Eligible employees of the Academy and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 11.0 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2024 Through June 30, 2025
Employer Contribution Rate ¹	11.40 %
Amount of Employer Contribution Apportioned to the health Care Trust Fund as Specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF	10.38 %
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as Specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50 %
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as Specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50 %
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SCHDTF	20.38 %

¹Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42). Includes 1.00% automatic adjustment

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Academy is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF for the Academy were \$1,495,394 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute a \$225 million direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. For 2024, a portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TPL to December 31, 2024. The Academy's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Academy's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2024 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2025, the Academy reported a liability of \$17,051,241 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the Academy as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Academy were as follows:

The Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 17,051,241
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the Academy	<u>1,531,472</u>
Total	<u>\$ 18,582,713</u>

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2024, the Academy’s proportion was 0.09882%, which was an increase of 0.00379% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Academy recognized pension expense of \$1,132,241 and revenue of \$161,506 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2025, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 965,586	\$ -
Changes of Assumptions or other Inputs	127,835	-
Net Difference between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	321,710	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences between		
Contributions Recognized and Proportionate Share		
of Contributions	2,127,576	135,574
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	760,248	-
Total	<u>\$ 4,302,955</u>	<u>\$ 135,574</u>

\$760,248 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2026	\$ 2,228,370
2027	1,793,688
2028	(385,482)
2029	(229,443)
Total	<u>\$ 3,407,133</u>

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions, and other inputs:

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Actuarial Assumptions
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Price Inflation	2.30%
Real Wage Growth	0.70%
Wage Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	3.40 - 11.00%
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return, Net of Pension Plan	
Investment Expenses, Including Price Inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post Retirement Benefit Increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure Hired Prior to January 1, 2007; and DPS Benefit Structure (Compounded Annually)	1.00%
PERA Benefit Structure hired after December 31, 2006 ¹	Financed by the AIR

¹Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

All mortality assumptions are developed on a benefit-weighted basis and apply generational mortality. Note that in all categories, displayed as follows, the mortality tables are generationally projected using scale MP-2019.

	Mortality Table	Adjustments, as Applicable
Pre-Retirement	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80/94% of the rates age 80 and older Females: 83% of the rates prior to age 80/106% of the rates age 80 and older
Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	Males: 97% of the rates for all ages Females: 105% of the rates for all ages
Disabled	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	99% of the rates for all ages

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuation were based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by the PERA Board on November 20, 2020.

Based on the 2024 experience analysis, dated January 3, 2025, for the period January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2023, revised actuarial assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on January 17, 2025, and were effective as of December 31, 2024. The following assumptions were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2023, to December 31, 2024.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Salary increases, including
wage inflation: 4.00% - 13.40 %

Salary scale assumptions were altered to better reflect actual experience. Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience. The estimated administrative expense as a percentage of covered payroll was increased from 0.40% to 0.45%.

The adjustments for credibility applied to the Pub-2010 mortality tables for active and retired lives, including beneficiaries, were updated based on the experience. All mortality assumptions are developed on a benefit-weighted basis. Note that in all categories, displayed as follows, the mortality tables are generationally projected using the 2024 adjusted MP-2021 projection scale.

	<u>Mortality Table</u>	<u>Adjustments, as Applicable</u>
Pre-Retirement	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	Males: 106% of the rates for all ages Females: 86% of the rates prior to age 85/115% of the rates age 85 and older
Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	Males: 92% of the rates for all ages Females: 100% of the rates for all ages
Disabled	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	95% of the rates for all ages

The long-term expected return on plan assets is monitored on an ongoing basis and reviewed as part of periodic experience studies prepared every four years, and asset/liability studies, performed every three to five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the 2024 Experience Study report dated January 3, 2025.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the November 15, 2019, meeting, and again at the Board's September 20, 2024, meeting.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30-Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	51.00 %	5.00 %
Fixed Income	23.00	2.60
Private Equity	10.00	7.60
Real Estate	10.00	4.10
Alternatives	6.00	5.20
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Academy’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 23,117,531	\$ 17,051,241	\$ 11,969,875

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the SCHDTF’s fiduciary net position is available in PERA’s annual comprehensive financial report, which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. The Academy participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees’ Retirement Association of Colorado (“PERA”). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Academy are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies.

Benefits Provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Academy is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the Academy were \$74,843 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2025, the Academy reported a liability of \$302,537 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TOL to December 31, 2024. The Academy's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Academy's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2024 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2024, the Academy’s proportion was 0.06327%, which was an increase of 0.00642% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Academy recognized OPEB income of \$79,304. At June 30, 2025, the Academy reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 66,734
Changes of Assumptions or other Inputs	3,469	96,706
Net Difference between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	1,026	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences between		
Contributions Recognized and Proportionate Share		
of Contributions	105,553	278
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	38,050	-
Total	<u>\$ 148,098</u>	<u>\$ 163,718</u>

\$38,050 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Academy’s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2026	\$ (20,860)
2027	(6,350)
2028	(16,573)
2029	(4,131)
2030	(2,344)
Thereafter	(3,412)
Total	<u>\$ (53,670)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost, actuarial assumptions, and other inputs:

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Price Inflation	2.30%
Real Wage Growth	0.70%
Wage Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	3.40 - 11.00%
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return, Net of OPEB Plan	
Investment Expenses, Including Price Inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health Care Cost Trend Rates	
PERA Benefit Structure:	
Service-based Premium Subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare Plans	16.00% in 2024, then 6.75% in 2025, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2024
MAPD PPO #2	105.00% in 2024, then 8.55% in 2025, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2034
Medicare Part A Premiums	3.50% in 2024, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2033

As of the December 31, 2024, measurement date, the FNP and related disclosure components for the HCTF reflect additional payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health Department (Tri-County Health) as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. The additional employer disaffiliation payment allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$0.020 million and \$0.486 million, respectively.

Each year the per capita health care costs are developed by plan option. As of the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation, costs are based on 2024 premium rates for the UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug (MAPD) PPO plan #1, the UnitedHealthcare MAPD PPO plan #2, and the Kaiser Permanente MAPD HMO plan. Actuarial morbidity factors were then applied to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age, gender, and health care cost trend. This approach applies for all members and is adjusted accordingly for those not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for the PERA benefit structure.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

AGE-RELATED MORBIDITY ASSUMPTIONS		
Participant Age	Annual Increase (Male)	Annual Increase (Female)
65-68	2.2%	2.3%
69	2.8%	2.2%
70	2.7%	1.6%
71	3.1%	0.5%
72	2.3%	0.7%
73	1.2%	0.8%
74	0.9%	1.5%
75-85	0.9%	1.3%
86 and older	0.0%	0.0%

Sample Age	MAPD PPO #1 with Medicare Part A Retire/Spouse		MAPD PPO #2 with Medicare Part A Retire/Spouse		MAPD HMO (Kaiser) with Medicare Part A Retire/Spouse	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
65	\$ 1,710	\$ 1,420	\$ 585	\$ 486	\$ 1,897	\$ 1,575
70	1,921	1,589	657	544	2,130	1,763
75	2,122	1,670	726	571	2,353	1,853

Sample Age	MAPD PPO #1 without Medicare Part A Retire/Spouse		MAPD PPO #2 without Medicare Part A Retire/Spouse		MAPD HMO (Kaiser) without Medicare Part A Retire/Spouse	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
65	\$ 6,536	\$ 5,429	\$ 4,241	\$ 3,523	\$ 7,063	\$ 5,866
70	7,341	6,073	4,764	3,941	7,933	6,563
75	8,110	6,385	5,262	4,143	8,763	6,900

The 2024 Medicare Part A premium is \$505 per month. All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models, and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

PERACare Medicare plan rates are applied where members have no premium-free Part A and where those premiums are already exceeding the maximum subsidy.

MAPD PPO #2 has a separate trend because the first year rates are still below the maximum subsidy and to reflect the estimated impact of the Inflation Reduction Act for that plan option.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the TOL are summarized in the following table:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans ¹	Medicare Part A MAPD PPO #2 ¹	Medicare Part A Premiums
2024	16.00%	105.00%	3.50%
2025	6.75%	8.55%	3.75%
2026	6.50%	8.10%	3.75%
2027	6.25%	7.65%	4.00%
2028	6.00%	7.20%	4.00%
2029	5.75%	6.75%	4.25%
2030	5.50%	6.30%	4.25%
2031	5.25%	5.85%	4.25%
2032	5.00%	5.40%	4.25%
2033	4.75%	4.95%	4.50%
2034+	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%

¹Increase in 2024 trend rates due to the effect of the Inflation Reduction Act.

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuation for the Division Trust Funds as shown in the following table, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the December 31, 2023, valuation for the HCTF, but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Note that in all categories, displayed as follows, the mortality tables are generationally projected using scale MP-2019. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

<u>Pre-Retirement</u>	<u>Mortality Table</u>	<u>Adjustments, as Applicable</u>
State and Local Government Division (members other than Safety Officers)	PubG-2010 Employee	N/A
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Employee	N/A
School Division	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Judicial Division	PubG-2010(A) Above Median Employee	N/A

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

<u>Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled</u>	<u>Mortality Table</u>	<u>Adjustments, as Applicable</u>
State and Local Government Division (members other than Safety Officers)	PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree	Males: 94% of the rates prior to age 80/90% of the rates age 80 and older Females: 87% of the rates prior to age 80/107% of the rates age 80 and older
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree	N/A
School Division	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80/94% of the rates age 80 and older Females: 83% of the rates prior to age 80/106% of the rates age 80 and older
Judicial Division	PubG-2010(A) Above Median Healthy Retiree	N/A
<u>Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled</u>	<u>Mortality Table</u>	<u>Adjustments, as Applicable</u>
All Beneficiaries	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	Males: 97% of the rates for all ages Females: 105% of the rates for all ages
<u>Disabled</u>	<u>Mortality Table</u>	<u>Adjustments, as Applicable</u>
Members other than Safety Officers	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	99% of the rates for all ages
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Disable Retiree	N/A

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Per capita health care costs in effect as of the December 31, 2023, valuation date for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to be age 65 and older and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect costs for the 2024 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates applicable to health care premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in those premiums. A separate trend rate assumption set was added for MAPD PPO #2 as the first-year rate is still below the maximum subsidy and also the assumption set reflects the estimated impact of the Inflation Reduction Act for that plan option.
- The Medicare health care plan election rate assumptions were updated effective as of the December 31, 2023, valuation date based on an experience analysis of recent data.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuations were based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020.

Based on the 2024 experience analysis, dated January 3, 2025, for the period January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2023, revised actuarial assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on January 17, 2025, and were effective as of December 31, 2024. The following assumptions were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total OPEB liability from December 31, 2023, to December 31, 2024.

	<u>State Division</u>	<u>School Division</u>	<u>Local Government Division</u>	<u>Judicial Division</u>
Salary increases, including wage inflation: Members other than Safety Officers	2.70-13.30%	4.00-13.40%	3.40-13.00%	2.30-4.70%
Safety Officers	3.20-16.30%	N/A	3.20-16.30%	N/A

The following health care costs assumptions were used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Salary scale assumptions were altered to better reflect actual experience.
- Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Participation rates were reduced.
- MAPD premium costs are no longer age graded.

<u>Plan</u>	<u>With Medicare Part A</u>	<u>Without Medicare Part A</u>
MAPD PPO #1	\$ 1,824	\$ 6,972
MAPD PPO #2	624	4,524
MAPD HMO Kaiser	2,040	7,596

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

The adjustments for credibility applied to the Pub-2010 mortality tables for active and retired lives, including beneficiaries, were updated based on the experience. Note that in all categories, the mortality tables are generationally projected using the 2024 adjusted MP-2021 project scale. These assumptions updated for the Division Trust Funds, were also applied in the roll forward calculations for the HCTF using a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

<u>Pre-Retirement</u>	<u>Mortality Table</u>	<u>Adjustments, as Applicable</u>
State and Local Government Divison (members other than Safety Officers)	PubG-2010 Employee	N/A
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Employee	N/A
School Division	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Judicial Division	PubG-2010(A) Above Median Employee	N/A
Post-Retirement (Retiree),		
<u>Non-Disabled</u>	<u>Mortality Table</u>	<u>Adjustments, as Applicable</u>
State and Local Government Divison (members other than Safety Officers)	PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree	Males: 90% of the rates for all ages Females: 85% of the rates prior to age 80/105% of the rates age 85 and older
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree	N/A
School Division	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	Males: 106% of the rates for all ages Females: 86% of the rates prior to age 85/115% of the rates age 85 and older
Judicial Division	PubG-2010(A) Above Median Healthy Retiree	N/A
Post-Retirement (Beneficiary),		
<u>Non-Disabled</u>	<u>Mortality Table</u>	<u>Adjustments, as Applicable</u>
All Beneficiaries	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	Males: 92% of the rates for all ages Females: 100% of the rates for all ages
<u>Disabled</u>	<u>Mortality Table</u>	<u>Adjustments, as Applicable</u>
Members other than Safety Officers	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	95% of the rates for all ages
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Disable Retiree	N/A

The actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed annually and updated, as appropriate, by the PERA Board's actuary.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected return on plan assets is monitored on an ongoing basis and reviewed as part of periodic experience studies prepared every four years, and asset/liability studies, performed every three to five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the 2024 Experience Study report dated January 3, 2025.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the November 15, 2019, meeting, and again at the Board's September 20, 2024, meeting.

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30-Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	51.00 %	5.00 %
Fixed Income	23.00	2.60
Private Equity	10.00	7.60
Real Estate	10.00	4.10
Alternatives	6.00	4.20
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Academy’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	<u>1% Decrease in Trend Rates</u>	<u>Current Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase in Trend Rates</u>
Initial PERACare Medicare Trend Rate ¹	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial MAPD PPO#2 Trend Rate ¹	7.55%	8.55%	9.55%
Ultimate MAPD PPO#2 Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A Trend Rate ¹	2.75%	3.75%	4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 294,386	\$ 302,537	\$ 311,762

¹ For the January 1, 2025, plan year.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent.

The basis for the projection of liabilities and the FNP used to determine the discount rate was an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2023, and the financial status of each of the Health Care Trust Funds as of the current measurement date (December 31, 2024). In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2024, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.
- Beginning As of the December 31, 2024, measurement date, the FNP and related disclosure components for the HCTF reflect additional payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. The additional employer disaffiliation payment allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$0.020 million and \$0.486 million, respectively.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate of 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Academy’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 370,764</u>	<u>\$ 302,537</u>	<u>\$ 243,717</u>

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the HCTF plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued comprehensive annual financial report issued by PERA. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/forms-resources/financial-reports-and-studies.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and Judgements

The Academy participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Academy may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2025, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited, but the Academy believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the Academy.

Tabor

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations, which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments. TABOR required local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3 percent of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service).

Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

The Academy believes it has complied with the Amendment. As required, the Academy has established a reserve for emergencies. At June 30, 2025, the reserve of \$430,000 was recorded as a restricted net position/fund balance for TABOR.

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Academy carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

During 2024, the Academy established a self-insurance program for employee health benefits. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). As of June 30, 2025, the estimated claim liability is \$0 due to the plan starting in 2024. Claims did not exceed the Academy’s insurance coverage during the fiscal year 2025.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Per pupil revenue	\$ 10,374,420	\$ 10,362,373	\$ 10,492,442	\$ 130,069
Mill levy	2,604,995	2,272,661	2,272,662	1
Charges for services	283,440	566,900	573,409	6,509
Tuition	381,600	401,800	415,945	14,145
Grants and donations	96,700	129,847	130,022	175
Investment earnings	229,010	175,000	165,880	(9,120)
Miscellaneous	105,000	3,586	4,255	669
Federal and state sources				
Grants and donations	150,000	146,581	156,291	9,710
Capital contributions	-	379,280	378,000	(1,280)
Total revenues	<u>14,225,165</u>	<u>14,438,028</u>	<u>14,588,906</u>	<u>150,878</u>
Expenditures				
Salaries	8,083,330	7,984,871	7,793,545	191,326
Employee benefits	2,299,042	2,518,707	2,549,560	(30,853)
Purchased services	2,733,834	1,611,174	1,563,350	47,824
Supplies and materials	772,500	683,000	598,686	84,314
Capital outlay	250,000	310,000	292,483	17,517
Other	27,500	10,000	40,108	(30,108)
Total expenditures	<u>14,166,206</u>	<u>13,117,752</u>	<u>12,837,732</u>	<u>280,020</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	58,959	1,320,276	1,751,174	430,898
Other financing sources and (uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	79,318	79,318
Transfers out	-	(1,300,650)	(1,300,650)	-
Total other financing sources and (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,300,650)</u>	<u>(1,221,332)</u>	<u>79,318</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ 58,959</u>	<u>\$ 19,626</u>	529,842	<u>\$ 510,216</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning			<u>4,318,495</u>	
Fund Balances - Ending			<u>\$ 4,848,337</u>	

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
<u>Revenues</u>				
Local sources				
Investment income	\$ -	\$ 84,000	\$ 81,682	\$ (2,318)
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>84,000</u>	<u>81,682</u>	<u>(2,318)</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Other	-	36,000	4,632	31,368
Debt service				
Principal	-	305,000	305,000	-
Interest	-	995,600	995,650	(50)
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>1,336,600</u>	<u>1,305,282</u>	<u>31,318</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(1,252,600)	(1,223,600)	29,000
<u>Other financing sources and (uses)</u>				
Transfers in	-	1,300,650	1,300,650	-
Transfers out	-	-	(79,318)	(79,318)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>1,300,650</u>	<u>1,221,332</u>	<u>(79,318)</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 48,050</u>	(2,268)	<u>\$ (50,318)</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning			<u>1,531,244</u>	
Fund balances - Ending			<u>\$ 1,528,976</u>	

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year*	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Plan Measurement Date	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.09882%	0.09503%	0.06702%	0.07586%	0.08576%	0.07275%	0.06846%	0.07761%	0.07159%	0.06760%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 17,051,241	\$ 16,803,735	\$ 12,203,916	\$ 8,828,094	\$ 12,965,648	\$ 10,868,136	\$ 12,123,046	\$ 25,095,028	\$ 21,316,088	\$ 10,338,964
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the School **	<u>1,531,472</u>	<u>368,456</u>	<u>3,556,343</u>	<u>661,515</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>982,702</u>	<u>1,300,747</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 18,582,713</u>	<u>\$ 17,172,191</u>	<u>\$ 15,760,259</u>	<u>\$ 9,489,609</u>	<u>\$ 12,965,648</u>	<u>\$ 11,850,838</u>	<u>\$ 13,423,793</u>	<u>\$ 25,095,028</u>	<u>\$ 21,316,088</u>	<u>\$ 10,338,964</u>
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,636,245	\$ 6,282,034	\$ 5,174,063	\$ 4,726,180	\$ 4,542,813	\$ 4,260,530	\$ 3,763,862	\$ 3,579,874	\$ 3,213,232	\$ 2,945,995
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	223.3%	267.5%	235.9%	186.8%	285.4%	255.1%	322.1%	701.0%	663.4%	350.9%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	67.17%	64.74%	61.79%	74.86%	66.99%	64.52%	57.01%	43.96%	43.10%	59.20%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 based on the measurement date of the Plan.

** A direct distribution provision to allocate funds from the State of Colorado to Colorado PERA on an annual basis began in July 2018 based on Senate Bill 18-200.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,495,394	\$ 1,516,442	\$ 1,157,555	\$ 949,297	\$ 914,943	\$ 866,297	\$ 756,177	\$ 699,046	\$ 624,741	\$ 557,367
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>1,495,394</u>	<u>1,516,442</u>	<u>1,157,555</u>	<u>949,297</u>	<u>914,943</u>	<u>866,297</u>	<u>756,177</u>	<u>699,046</u>	<u>624,741</u>	<u>557,367</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,337,537	\$ 7,440,827	\$ 5,679,855	\$ 4,775,135	\$ 4,602,320	\$ 4,470,056	\$ 3,952,832	\$ 3,702,730	\$ 3,399,025	\$ 3,143,638
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	20.38%	20.38%	20.38%	19.88%	19.88%	19.38%	19.13%	18.88%	18.38%	17.73%

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
SCHEDULE OF THE ACADEMY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year*	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Plan Measurement Date	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
School's Proportion (Percentage) of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.06327%	0.05685%	0.05088%	0.04953%	0.04959%	0.04753%	0.04450%	0.04410%	0.04069%
School's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 302,537	\$ 405,743	\$ 415,452	\$ 427,107	\$ 471,256	\$ 534,256	\$ 605,473	\$ 573,064	\$ 527,617
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,636,245	\$ 6,282,034	\$ 5,174,063	\$ 4,726,180	\$ 4,542,813	\$ 4,260,530	\$ 3,763,862	\$ 3,579,874	\$ 3,213,232
School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	3.96%	6.46%	8.03%	9.04%	10.37%	12.54%	16.09%	16.01%	16.42%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	59.83%	46.16%	38.57%	39.40%	32.78%	24.49%	17.03%	17.53%	16.72%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 based on the measurement date of the Plan. Information earlier than 2017 was not available.

ASPEN VIEW ACADEMY
SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 74,843	\$ 75,896	\$ 57,935	\$ 48,707	\$ 46,942	\$ 45,594	\$ 40,389	\$ 37,768	\$ 34,670
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>74,843</u>	<u>75,896</u>	<u>57,935</u>	<u>48,707</u>	<u>46,942</u>	<u>45,594</u>	<u>40,389</u>	<u>37,768</u>	<u>34,670</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,337,537	\$ 7,440,827	\$ 5,679,855	\$ 4,775,135	\$ 4,602,320	\$ 4,470,056	\$ 3,952,832	\$ 3,702,730	\$ 3,399,025
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%